

From San Francisco  
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For San Francisco  
Matsonia, July 25.  
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## MAN NAMED 'ROEDEIK' IS INDICTED IN FRISCO

Whether Alleged Hindu Conspirator Is Former German Consul In Honolulu Is Not Ascertained

"H. R. Schroeder" Also Mentioned In List of Additional Indictments Returned by Grand Jury

### "I DON'T KNOW OF ANY OTHER NAMED RODIEK" IS HAGENS' REPLY TO INDICTMENT QUERY

Georg Rodiek of Hackfeld & Co. Now en Route For Coast But U. S. Attorney Declares He Knows of No Summons to Him to Appear Before Federal Officials; Schroeder Says "Conscience is Clear"

#### New Indictments as Published By the San Francisco Examiner

John Craig, millionaire shipbuilder of Long Beach, Cal. Also indicted in the Sacramento case.  
Heinrich Elbo.  
Henry W. Kauffman, chancellor of the German consul.  
M. Martinez and Ray Howard, attorneys. Also indicted in Sacramento case.  
Joseph L. Bley, broker. Indicted in Sacramento case also.  
Walter M. Fager.  
Walter C. Hughes.  
C. Hopenberg.  
John Zeitelman.  
GEORGE ROEDEIK.  
H. R. SCHROEDER.  
Ralph Russ.  
Jack Sloan.  
Captain P. H. Schluter.  
Ernest Se Kunna.

Appearing in the list of nineteen additional indictments returned early this month for alleged conspiracy to foment a rebellion in India and which supplementary list was made public in San Francisco last week were the names of "George Rodiek" and "H. R. Schroeder." The names, along with several others, are published in the issue of the San Francisco Examiner of July 13 which reached here in this morning's mail.

When the news of the similarity in names filtered through the business circles of Honolulu this morning, speculation was rife as to whether the men mentioned might be prominent German-American residents of Honolulu. Georg Rodiek of Honolulu is vice-president of Hackfeld & Co., and president of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association. H. Augustus Schroeder is a clerk at Hackfeld & Co., and a reservist in the German army.

Early this month the Associated Press despatches reported the indictment of 100 pro-Germans for alleged conspiracy to foment a Hindu rebellion and mentioned that among those indicted were several ex-German consuls, Honolulu being specifically mentioned.

Georg Rodiek prior to the declaration of war between the United States and Germany served as German consul here for about four years.

#### RODIEK LEFT HERE JULY 12

Georg Rodiek left Honolulu in the steamer Manoa on July 12 for San Francisco, accompanied by Mrs. Rodiek. Shortly after his departure information reached the Star-Bulletin to the effect that a prominent local German-American had been summoned to the mainland by U. S. government officials. This report could not be verified, however, either from local federal officials or from other sources.

"I don't think there is any other named Rodiek," declared J. F. C. Hagens this morning when informed of the indictment of "George Rodiek" in San Francisco. "I know nothing of any report that Mr. Rodiek has been indicted, but I do not believe he has had anything to do with the alleged plot. I believe it is untrue that he was summoned to San Francisco."

#### "CONSCIENCE CLEAR," SAYS SCHROEDER

"My conscience is perfectly clear," smiled H. A. Schroeder of H. Hackfeld & Co. this morning, when shown a clipping from a San Francisco paper containing the names of George Rodiek and H. R. Schroeder among others indicted. "I have absolutely no reason to believe that the H. R. Schroeder mentioned in the paper is myself. As for Mr. Rodiek having been indicted, I do not believe that is true, either."

Schroeder scouted the report that Rodiek had been summoned to the mainland by government officials. "He had been planning this trip for several months," he said. "Had he been summoned to the coast, I do not believe the authorities would have let him go by himself. He said he expected to return to Hawaii in about three months. His wife went with him."

When the news of the wholesale indictment of alleged plotters first reached Honolulu early this month, it

#### What Associates of Rodiek and Federal Men Think of Report

"I don't think there is any other name of Rodiek. I know nothing of any report that Mr. Rodiek has been indicted, but I do not believe he had anything to do with an alleged plot. I believe it is untrue that he was summoned to San Francisco!"—J. F. C. Hagens.  
"I have had absolutely no information regarding the indictment of any Honoluluans for being involved in the Hindu plot."—U. S. Attorney S. C. Huber.  
"I am not in a position to make any statement at this time."—U. S. Marshal Jerome J. Smiddy.  
"My own conscience is clear, and I do not believe it is Mr. Rodiek who has been indicted. I believe the report that he was summoned to the coast is untrue."—H. A. Schroeder.

### M'ADOO ASKS FIVE BILLION FOR QUICK USE

Treasury Head Suggests Taxing of Excess Profits and Estates for Revenue

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—That war's demands are exceeding the plans of the treasury department is shown in Secretary W. G. McAdoo's new estimates. The treasury head asks that an additional five billion dollars be provided for the needs of the army and navy.

Secretary McAdoo does not indicate how the additional funds will be raised, but it is thought, perhaps, that excess profits of manufacturers, which amount to about five billion annually, and estate taxes will be made to bear the added burden.

### 7 OIL TANKERS SEIZED BY U.S. FOR NAVAL USE

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—Secretary of Navy Daniels today issued orders requisitioning seven oil tankers trading with Atlantic and Pacific ports for service with the navy as oil carriers.

At noon today the Standard Oil Co.'s local office said it had received no confirmation of the above Associated Press despatch, and consequently could not say whether any tankers of the Standard fleet have been commandeered by the navy.

The Standard Oil has been expecting that the D. G. Schofield would be taken over by the navy department. She is the largest oil tanker afloat, a new vessel, and called here about a month ago, bringing a cargo of fuel here from Richmond, Cal.

REICHSTAG MEMBERS GIVE RECEPTION TO KAISER

### TEUTONS HIT HARD AT RUSS ON WIDE LINE

Drive is Launched on 155-Mile Front Resulting in Gains for German Troops

BERLIN, Germany, July 24.—German forces in Galicia are advancing on a 155-mile front from Sereth river to the Carpathians. Three thousand prisoners and numerous guns and booty have been captured. Bitter fighting is reported from the Baltic to the Black Sea, and is resulting in great gains for Teuton armies.

An unparalleled artillery battle is raging day and night in the Flanders sector, which may presage another big drive by infantry.

### RUSS TAKE OFFENSIVE AT TWO NEW POINTS

BERLIN, Germany, July 24.—Russian troops today took the offensive at both ends of the long eastern battlefield. Heavy fighting is going on near Jacobstadt and Dvinsk, and also in Rumania. Strong Russo-Rumanian attacks in the Trots and Putna valleys have been defeated, but fighting along this front has broken out afresh.

German troops advanced beyond Pechajko, near Halicz, and have also crossed the Sereth river, south of Tarnopol.

### BRITISH IN FLANDERS HARASSING THE ENEMY

LONDON, Eng., July 24.—British troops in Flanders are keeping up the policy of harassing the enemy with trench raids, several successful operations being reported yesterday along the Belgian front.

### FRENCH REPULSE TWO ATTACKS BY GERMANS

PARIS, France, July 24.—French troops today repulsed two vicious attacks by Germans on the Aisne front, with terrific loss to the Teutons.

### DOUBT IF IRISH TROUBLE AT END

DUBLIN, Ireland, July 24.—That the hopes of a final settlement of Ireland's troubles on the eve of the opening of the convention are none too sanguine is the opinion expressed here, and it is believed the effort will be abortive. In all, probably 94 delegates will attend.

The Sinn Fein element has decided to ignore the convention, but other wise no hostility is being shown. The convention opens tomorrow.

### NEW YORK STOCK MARKET TODAY

Alaska Gold	5 1/2	5 1/2
American Smelter	101 1/4	101 1/4
American Sugar Rfg.	120 1/4	121 1/2
American Tel. & Tel.	121	121
Anacosta Copper	76 1/2	76 1/2
Atchafalaya	100 1/4	100 1/4
Baldwin Loco.	88 1/2	88 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	88 1/2	88 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	81 1/2	81 1/2
Calif. Petroleum	18 1/2	18 1/2
Canadian Pacific	158 1/2	158 1/2
C. M. & St. P. (St. Paul)	60 1/2	60 1/2
Colo. Fuel & Iron	48 1/2	48 1/2
Crescent Steel	78 1/2	78 1/2
Elgin Locomotive	24 1/2	24 1/2
General Electric	154 1/2	154 1/2
General Motors, New	113 1/2	113 1/2
Great Northern Pac.	105	104 1/2
Inter. Harv. N. Y.	42 1/2	42 1/2
Kennecott Copper	82 1/2	82 1/2
Laidlaw & Co.	88 1/2	88 1/2
New York Central	88 1/2	88 1/2
Pennsylvania	53	53 1/2
Ray Canal	28 1/2	28 1/2
Reading Common	95 1/2	95 1/2
Southern Pacific	33 1/2	33 1/2
Studebaker	54 1/2	54 1/2
Texas Oil	188	188
Union Pacific	125 1/2	125 1/2
U. S. Steel	120 1/2	121 1/2
Utah	100 1/2	100 1/2
Western Union	94	94 1/2

### DRY ZONE TO HEM IN ALL ARMY CAMPS

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—A "dry" zone five miles wide, unless there is a city or town within that limit, is to be thrown around all camps for the mobilization or training of troops under new regulations made today at the war department.

If a municipality is within even one-half mile of the camp, the dry zone is to be limited to that width in that direction. But if the camp is located on the edge of a town the prohibition will extend to a width of one-half mile into the town.

Prohibition under a penalty of \$10,000 fine also is imposed under the same law against the maintenance of any immoral houses within the limit of five miles in any case, even where the camp is on the edge of a town.

### I-I. RESUMES SALE OF COAL AT THIS PORT

British and Japanese Steamers Will Again Be Bunkered, Is Kennedy's Statement

As a result of assistance which the U. S. shipping board has given the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Co. by allowing it to charter the steamer Columbia, the ex-German steamer Serapis and the ex-German bark Red Jacket to bring coal cargoes here, cables will be sent by the Inter-Island within the next 48 hours to London and Yokohama, announcing that the company is again able after three months' suspension due to lack of bottoms to bring coal here, to resume furnishing bunker coal to vessels of the Allied nations, particularly Great Britain and Japan.

This announcement was made shortly before noon today by President J. A. Kennedy of the Inter-Island, who returned this morning on the Wilhelmina from San Francisco, after paying a visit to Washington and emphasizing the company's needs to the board.

"Although we will not be too liberal, we are now in a position to begin bunkering British and Japanese steamers again," said President Kennedy. "Before I left Honolulu several Japanese tramp steamer lines were after us to supply them with bunker coal, but I told them we could not do it until we could get vessels to bring a sufficient supply here. I saw the shipping board and got all I wanted, at which I am exceedingly well pleased."

It will probably be 30 or 40 days before the British freighters which called here regularly up to three months ago and were then requested by the Inter-Island not to bunker here owing to scarcity of coal, will again begin calling at this port. At present they have to bunker at San Francisco.

Honolulu is much preferred owing to the saving in distance for vessels steaming from New York to the Orient via Panama under the northern or Great Circle route. The Japanese lines running from China and Japan to San Francisco prefer to take bunkers here, as the southern route via this port is much safer than the northern one, particularly in the season of winter storms on the North Pacific.

For tramp steamers taking cargoes from Hongkong and Shanghai to San Francisco, the Honolulu route is much shorter as well as safer.

### U. S. SPEEDS UP PLANES BUILDING

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—Since the aviation bill became law the construction of airplanes has been speeded up, and the training of aviators will get service on the ground.

### PRESIDENT ASKS DENMAN TO RESIGN AND ACCEPTS GOETHAL'S RESIGNATION

Chief Executive Takes Action to End Dispute Which is Seriously Delaying Shipbuilding Program—Edward Hurley of Chicago Requested to Succeed Denman and Chief Constructor of Navy, Capps, to Accept Goethal's Place on Board

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—President Wilson today brought the row in the federal shipping board to a head when he asked President W. Denman to resign, and also accepted the resignations of General Goethals and Captain White.

The chief executive came to realize there was no other way to settle the dispute between Denman and Goethals, which was seriously delaying the shipbuilding program mapped out by federal authorities. In his letter to Chairman Denman he asked for the same disinterested self-forgetting course that General Goethals had taken.

The president has named Edward Hurley, Chicago business man and an ex-chairman of the federal board of trade, to succeed Denman, and Chief Constructor of Navy Capps as successor to Goethals. Bainbridge Colby of New York, a prominent lawyer, replaces Capt. White.

Commenting on the action President Wilson had taken, Mr. Denman said he "wanted to aid the president in every way, and did not question the wisdom of his decision." President Wilson's action came as a complete surprise.

President Wilson, in his letter to Chairman Denman, intimated that the controversy over the shipbuilding program ought to be settled regardless of personal feelings.

"I am convinced that the only wise course is to begin afresh on the execution of the program. I found both you and Goethals ready to serve the public at great personal sacrifice. Goethals' resignation is in my hands, and I have accepted it, not as a decision between two men whom I admire, but in order to make invidious decision unnecessary." In the president's letter to Goethals he said: "Your letter (resignation) convinced me of your fine spirit to duty, and I have a deep appreciation of your generous attitude." Both letters were couched in the most friendly and tactful spirit.

### GO TO PHILIPPINES AS SCOUT OFFICERS

Orders received today from Washington assign Cpl. Carlyle L. Smith, Company E, 32nd Infantry, and Sgt. Clinton E. Bernard, Company A, 1st Infantry, to command as second lieutenants of the Philippine Scouts.

First Lieut. Stiles M. Decker, recently appointed to duty in Hawaiian ordnance office, has been ordered to report to the chief of ordnance at Washington for duty.

### FEMALE PRESS AGENT IN CITY SEEKS INFORMATION ON HAWAII

THERE are women traveling representatives for business firms, but only one woman in the United States whose business is to travel in the interests of a hotel.

She arrived this morning on the Matson liner Wilhelmina and her name is Miss Eileen K. Snyder. The young woman is exceptionally attractive and has a mine of information about everything tourists are interested in. She is on her first visit to Hawaii and to learn as much about this territory as possible.

Miss Snyder is traveling representative of the CHT hotel, San Francisco.

"My object in coming here is to learn as much as I can about your islands, by seeing them myself," she said. "I can then tell our guests how to see Hawaii and what to see. I will be here four or five weeks and I hope to be a waiting promotion committee when I return to San Francisco."

Every fall Miss Snyder packs her trunk and goes East, stopping in every city of importance, fraternizing with the hotel men and women, and boosting for the Pacific coast in general as well as for her particular hotel, so that she hopes to be able to speak authoritatively on the subject of touring in Hawaii, when she "hits the trail" next fall to Chicago and Broadway.

### FORGER GETS TWO YEARS IN PRISON ON GUILTY PLEA

Two years in Oahu prison and a fine of \$100 was the penalty imposed by Circuit Judge Heen today on S. M. Smith, who pleaded guilty to three charges of passing forged writing. Smith, at first asked to have his plea reserved, but a few moments later pleaded guilty.

According to the three indictments returned by the territorial grand jury yesterday afternoon, Smith forged the signature of Theodore Baumann to three checks for \$17.50, \$12.25 and \$14.50, respectively, and cashed them at the bank of Bishop & Co. In the first case he was sentenced to two years and pay a fine of \$100, and in each of the other two cases the same prison penalty but a fine of only \$1.

The sentences will run concurrently.

### BRITISH DAILY WAR COST TOTALS NOW \$44,875,000

LONDON, Eng., July 24.—Chancellor of Exchequer Bonar Law, in a statement to the members of the house of commons, said the average daily expenditure now amounted to \$5,975,000.

Total advances made to Britain's Allies has now reached five billion pounds.

### KERENSKY CONFIDENT RUSSIA WILL MEET CRISIS DESPITE SERIOUSNESS

(Associated Press by U. S. Naval Communication Service)

PETROGRAD, Russia, July 24.—Rejoicing the gravity of the situation in Russia, Premier Kerensky nevertheless has hopes that the nation will yet rise to the demands of the hour.

In an interview yesterday Kerensky said he "tried with confidence that the nation will yet rise to the demands of the hour."

A new cabinet has been formed, consisting of six members, of whom Kerensky is the head.

consequence of the disaffected element should prove sufficient."

Continuing, the premier said "the situation at the front was the most serious the nation had yet faced, and heroic measures were needed. He was convinced that the state government as organized could be saved without amputations."

A new cabinet has been formed, consisting of six members, of whom Kerensky is the head.